

SUBJECT CODE			TEACHING &EVALUATION SCHEME								
			Т	HEORY		PRAC	FICAL				
	Category	SUBJECT NAME	END SEM University Exam	Two Term Exam	Teachers Assessment*	END SEM University Exam	Teachers Assessment*	Th	Т	Р	CREDITS
HU101	1	Foundation English I	60	20	20	0	20	3	0	2	4

 $\label{eq:Legends: L-Lecture; T-Tutorial/Teacher Guided Student Activity; P-Practical; C-Credit;$

***Teacher Assessment** shall be based following components: Quiz/Assignment/ Project/Participation in Class, given that no component shall exceed more than 10 marks.

.Course Educational Objectives (CEOs): The students will be able to:

- Develop the second language learners' ability to enhance and demonstrate LSRW Skills.
- Enable students to acquire English Language Skills to further their studies at advanced levels.
- prepare students to become more confident and active participants in all aspects of their undergraduate programs

Course Outcomes (COs): The students should be able to:

- Enhance confidence in their ability to read, comprehend, organize, and retain written information.
- Write grammatically correct sentences for various forms of written communication to express oneself.

COURSE CONTENTS:

UNIT I

Communication: Nature, Meaning, Definition, Process, Functions and importance, Characteristics of Business Communication Verbal and Non Verbal Communication Barriers to Communication.

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UNIT II

Listening: Process, Types, Difference between Hearing and Listening, Benefits of Effective Listening Barriers to Effective Listening, Overcoming Listening Barriers, and How to Become an Effective Listener

UNIT III

Basic Language Skills: Grammar and usage- Parts of Speech, Tenses, S-V Agreement, Preposition, Article, Types of Sentence, Direct - Indirect, Active - Passive voice, Phrases & Clauses.

UNIT IV

Business Correspondence : Business Letters, Parts & Layouts of Business Letter, Resume and Job application , Application Calling/ Sending Quotations/ Orders/ Complaints. E-mail writing

UNIT V

Précis Writing, Noting: The Purpose of Notes, Methods of Note-Taking, General Principles of Good Notes. Drafting: Notice, Agenda and Minutes. Advertisement: Importance, Types, Various Media of Advertising. Slogan Writing.

Practical:

- Self Introduction
- Reading Skills and Listening Skills
- Linguistics and Phonetics
- Role play
- Oral Presentation Preparation & Delivery using Audio Visual Aids with stress on body language and voice modulations.

Suggested Readings

- Ashraf Rizvi.(2005).*Effective Technical Communication*. New Delhi:Tata Mc Graw Hill
 A.J. Thomson and A.V. Martinet(1991).*A Practical English Grammar*(4th ed). Newyork:
- A.J. Thomson and A.V. Martinet(1991).*A Practical English Grammar*(4th ed). Newyork: Ox- ford IBH Pub.
- Kratz, Abby Robinson (1995). Effective Listening Skills. Toronto: ON: Irwin Professional Publishing.
- Adair, John (2003). Effective Communication. London: Pan Macmillan Ltd.

Chairperson **Board of Studies** Şhri Valshnav Vidyapeeth Vishwavidyalaya Indore

Joint Registrar Sivi Valshsav Weyapeth Valwavidyaby



B. Sc. Physics Hons

I Sem

Subject Code			Teaching and Evaluation Scheme									
			,	Theory		Prac	tical			Р		
	Category	Subject Name	End Sem Uni- versity Exam	Two Term Exam	Teac hers As- sess- ment *	End Sem Uni- versi- ty Exam	Tea cher s As- sess men t*	Th	Т		CREDITS	
BSPH102	DC	General Properties of Matter	60	20	20	30	20	3	1	0	4	

Course Objectives	 To develop the comprehensive understanding of laws of physics related to General Properties of Matter and ability to apply them for laying the foundation for research and development. To work ethically as member as well as leader in a diverse team.
Course Ourcomes	 Student will be able to understand and solve the problems related to General Properties of Matter. Student will be able to determine physical parameter experimentally with optimal usage of resources and complete the assignments in time.

Abbre	viation	Teacher Assessment (Theory) shall be based on following components: Quiz / Assignment/ Project
Th	Theory	/ Participation in class (Given that no component shall be exceed 10 Marks).
Т	Tutorial	Teacher Assessment (Practical) shall be based on following components: Viva / File / Participation
Р	Practical	in Lab work (Given that no component shall be exceed 50% of Marks).

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BSPH 102: General Properties of Matter

UNIT I: System of Many Particles

System of particles and equation of motion, Centre of mass for a system of particles, motion of the centre of mass, law of conservation of linear momentum for a system of one, two, n particles, law of conservation of angular momentum for a single particle, system of n particles and examples, recoil velocity on firing a bullet from a gun, motion of a boat or propulsion of an aeroplane, jet propulsion, motion of rocket. Keplers law of Planetory motion.

UNIT II: Rotational Dynamics

Motion of rigid body, rotatory motion, equations of rotationary motion of a particle under a constant angular acceleration, angular momentum and concept of moment of inertia in rotational motion, Newtons law of motion in rotational motion, Moment of inertia and its examples, radius of gyration, rotatinal kinetic energy, relation between Torque and moment of inertia, Kinetic energy of rotation, Theorem of parallel axis, theorem of perpendicular axis.

UNIT III: Elasticity

Elasticity, Effect of temperature and impurities on elasticity of a substance; small deformation, Stress and Strain; Hook's law, elasticity constants for an isotropic solid, Young's modulus, Bulk Modulus, Modulus of rigidity, Poission's ratio, Relationship between the various elastic moduli. Bending of beam and bending moment, Cantilever, transverse oscilations of a cantilever, torsion of cylinder.

UNIT IV: Oscillations

SHM: Simple Harmonic Oscillations, Differential equation of SHM and its solution. Kinetic energy, potential energy, total energy and their time-average values. Damped oscillation. Forced oscillations: Transient and steady states; Resonance, sharpness of resonance; power dissipation and Quality Factor, motion of simple pendulum, motion of compound pendulum, motion of mass connected with spring, motion of torsional pendulum,

UNIT V: Fluid Mechanics

Ideal and Viscous fluid, Stream line and Turbulent flow, Reynold's number, Rotational and irrotatinal flow, Equation of continuity, Bernoulli's theorem and its application, Stokes law, viscous flow of fluids,



Effect of pressure and temperature on the coefficient of viscosity, Poiseulle's formula, Intermolecular forces-cohesive and adhesive forces, Surface tension, Surface energy, Effect of temperature and impurities on the surface tension, Angle of contact; expression for pressure on a curved surface,

REFERENCES

- 1. Mathur, D.S. : Mechanics (S. Chand)
- 2. Mechanics, Berkeley Physics, vol.1, C.Kittel, W.Knight, et.al. 2007, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Berkley Physics Course vol. I (Mechanics)
- 4. Halliday and Resnic; Physics, vol. I
- 5. Keppler and Kolenkow; Classical Mechanics
- 6. Halliday and Resnick; Physics, vol. I
- 7. Klepper and Kolenkow; Classical Mechanics.

List of experiments

- 1. To verify laws of Perpendicular axes for moment of inertia.
- 2. To determine Acceleration due to gravity using compound pendulum.
- 3. To determine Coefficient of Viscosity of fluid using Stoke's law.
- 4. To determine Young's Modulus using Cantilever method.
- 5. To determine Surface Tension by Jaeger's method.
- 6. To determine Coefficient of Viscosity of fluid using Poisellie's method.
- 7. To determine Modulus of rigidity by Torsional pendulum.
- 8. To determine Young's Modulus of long wire by Searl's method.
- 9. To determine Poisson's ratio of rubber tube.
- 10. To determine the force constant of the given spring and to verify that the force constant of a parallel combination of spring.



B. Sc. Physics Hons

I Sem

Subject Code		Subject Name	Teaching and Evaluation Scheme									
	Category		Theory			Pract	ical					
			End Sem Universi ty Exam	Two Term Exam	Teach ers Assess ment	End Sem Univer sity Exam	Teac hers Asse ssme nt	Th	Т	Р	CREDITS	
BSPHPH 103	DC	Mathematical Physics and Relativity	60	20	20	0	0	4	1	0	5	

Course Objectives	 To develop the comprehensive understanding of laws of physics related to Mathematical Physics and Relativity and ability to apply them for laying the foundation for research and development. To work ethically as member as well as leader in a diverse team.
Course Ourcomes	 Student will be able to understand and solve the problems related to Mathematical Physics and Relativity. Student will be able to determine physical parameter experimentally with optimal usage of resources and complete the assignments in time.

Abbre	viation	Teacher Assessment (Theory) shall be based on following components: Quiz / Assignment/ Project /
Th	Theory	Participation in class (Given that no component shall be exceed 10 Marks).
Т	Tutorial	Teacher Assessment (Practical) shall be based on following components: Viva / File / Participation in
Р	Practical	Lab work (Given that no component shall be exceed 50% of Marks).



BSPHPH 103: Mathematical Physics and Relativity

UNIT I: Vector Calculus: Scalar and vector fields, gradient, divergence and curl with their physical significance. Line, Surface and Volume Integrals, Important Vector Identities. Introduction to Gauss's divergence and Stoke's theorem and their applications.

UNIT II: Matrices: Introduction, Review of Algebraic Operation of Matrices, Sub-matrices. Special types of matrices.Transpose and Conjugate of a Matrix.Symmetric andAntisymmetric Matrices, Hermitian and Skew- Hermitian Matrices, Determinant of a matrix, Trace and Rank of a Matrix.Eigen values, Eigen Vectors; Characteristic equation of a Matrix.Cayley- Hamilton Theorem.

UNIT III: Orthogonal curvilinear coordinates; cylindrical and spherical polar coordinates- divergence, gradient, Curl and Laplacian in these coordinates. Unit Vectors in Cylindrical and Spherical Coordinates, Expression for Velocity and Acceleration in Cylindrical and Spherical Coordinates.

UNIT IV: Reference Frames: Inertial Frames and Galilean Transformations. Galilean Invariance andConservation Laws.Non-inertial Frames and Fictitious Forces. Uniformly Rotating Frame. Centrifugal forces: CoriolisForce and its Applications, Michelson-Morley Experiment and its Outcome.

UNIT V: Relativity: Postulates of Special Theory of Relativity. Lorentz Transformations.space-time interval between the two events, Simultaneity and Order of Events. Lorentz Contraction. Time Dilation. Relativistic Transformation of Velocity, Frequency and Wave Number. Theorem of Addition of Relativistic Velocities.Variation of Mass with Velocity, Particle with zero rest mass. Mass energy Equivalence. Relationship between the relativistic energy and momentum.

REFERENCES

- 1. An introduction to ordinary differential equations, E.A. Coddington, 2009, PHI learning
- 2. Differential Equations, George F. Simmons, 2007, McGraw Hill.
- 3. Mathematical Tools for Physics, James Nearing, 2010, Dover Publications.



ShriVaishnavVidyapeethVishwavidyalaya Indore ShriVaishnav Institute of Computer Applications

SUBJECT CODE			TEACHING & EVALUATION SCHEME									
			TH	IEORY		PRACT						
	Category	SUBJECT NAME	End Sem University Exam	Two Term Exam	Teachers Assessment*	End Sem University Exam	Teachers Assessment*	L	Т	Р	CREDITS	
BSCS103	COMPU LSORY	Programmin g Concepts and C	60	20	20			3	1	0	4	

Legends: L - Lecture; T - Tutorial/Teacher Guided Student Activity; P – Practical; C - Credit; Q/A – Quiz/Assignment/Attendance, MST - Mid Sem Test.

*Teacher Assessment shall be based on following components:

Quiz/Assignment/project/Participation in class (Given that no component shall be exceed 10 Marks)

Course Objectives

To introduce the fundamental concepts of computer programming.

- 1. To design programs in C involving different data types, decision structures, loops and functions, arrays and pointers.
- 2. To equip students with techniques for developing structured computer programs.
- 3. To equip students with sound skills in C programming language.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the basic terminologies used in computer programming.
- 2. Be proficient in using the basic constructs of C to develop a computer program.
- 3. Understand the use of functions, pointers, arrays and files in programming.
- 4. Understand the fundamentals of object-oriented programming and be able to apply it in computer program development.

Unit I

Introduction to Programming Languages : What is a Programming Language; Types of Programming Languages – Machine-level, Assembly-level and High-level Languages, Scripting Languages, Natural Languages, Advantages and Limitations of programming language, High-



ShriVaishnav Institute of Computer Applications

level Programming Language Tools – Compiler, Linker, Interpreter, Intermediate Language Compiler and Interpreter, Editor, GUI.Characteristics of a Good Programming Language.

Unit-II

Fundamentals of C Programming: History of C; Structure of a C Program; Data types; Constant & Variable, naming variables; Operators & expressions; Control Constructs – if-else, for, while, do-while; switch-case statement; break, continue, exit(), goto and labels; Arrays; Formatted & unformatted I/O; Type modifiers & storage classes; Ternary operator; Type conversion & type casting; Priority & associativity of operators.

Unit-III

Modular Programming: Functions; Arguments; Return value; Parameter passing – call by value, call by reference; Return statement; Scope, visibility and life-time rules for various types of variable, static variable; Calling a function; Recursion – basics, comparison with iteration, types of recursion- direct, indirect, tree and tail recursion, when to avoid recursion, examples.

Unit-IV

Advanced Programming Techniques:

Pointers - & and * operators, pointer expression, pointer arithmetic, dynamic memory management functions like malloc(), calloc(), free(); String; Pointer v/s array; Pointer to pointer; Array of pointer & its limitation; Function returning pointers; Pointer to function, Function as parameter; Structure – basic, declaration, membership operator, pointer to structure, self referential structures, structure within structure, array in structure, array of structures; Union – basic, declaration; Enumerated data type; Typedef;

Unit-V

Miscellaneous Features: File handling and related functions; printf&scanffamily;C preprocessor – basics, #Include, #define, #undef, conditional compilation directive like #if, #else, #elif, #endif, #ifdef and #ifndef;

Text Books

- 1. Fundamentals of Computers : E Balagurusamy, TMH
- 2. Fundamentals of Computers : V Rajaraman, PHI
- 3. Yashavant P. Kanetkar. "Let Us C", BPB Publications, 2011.

References

- 1. Byron S Gottfried, "Programming with C", Schaum's Outlines, Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006
- 2. Herbert Schildt, "The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, MGH Publication.
- 3. Dromey R.G., "How to Solve it by Computer", Pearson Education, Fourth Reprint, 2007



Name of the Program:B. Sc. (Honours)

	Category	SUBJECT NAME	TEACHING & EVALUATION SCHEME									
SUBJECT CODE			THEORY			PRACTICAL		701			STI	
			END SEM	MST	Q/A	END SEM	Q/A	Th	Т	Р	CREDITS	
BSHMA104	HONS	Classical Algebra & Analytical Geometry of two dimensions	60	20	20	-	-	4	0	-	4	

Course Objective

To introduce the students with the Fundamentals of the Classical Algebra and Analytical Geometry of two dimensions.

Course Outcomes

After the successful completion of this course students will be able to

- 1. understand and apply the basics of the Set theory.
- 2. know the fundamental principles of the algebra of the complex numbers.
- *3.* apply the techniques to find the roots of an equation after knowing the relation between the roots and the coefficients.
- 4. know the basic principles of the Analytical Geometry of two dimensions.
- 5. understand and apply the basics of the calculus of the Matrices.

Course Content:

<u>UNIT – I</u>

Classical Algebra: Complex Numbers: De Moivre's Theorem and its applications. Exponential,Sine, Cosine and Logarithm of a complex number. Definition of az, $(a\neq 0)$.Inverse circular and Hyperbolic functions.**Polynomials:** Fundamental Theorem of Classical Algebra (Statement only).Polynomials with real co-efficients: The *n*th degree polynomial equation has exactly *n* roots. Nature of roots of an equation (Surd or Complex roots occurin pairs). Statement of Descarte's Rule of signs and its applications.



Name of the Program:B. Sc. (Honours)

<u>UNIT – II</u>

Polynomials: Statements of: (i) If the polynomial f(x) has opposite signs for two real values of x,e.g. a and b, the equation f(x) = 0 has an odd number of real roots between a and b; if f(a) and f(b) are of same sign, either no real rootor an even number of roots lies between a and b. Rolle's Theorem and its direct applications.Relation between roots and co-efficients. Symmetric functions of roots,Transformations of equations. Cardan's method of solution of a cubic.

<u>UNIT – III</u>

Determinants up to the third order : Properties, Cofactor and Minor. Product of two determinants. Adjoint, Symmetric and Skew-symmetric determinants. Solutions of linear equations with not more than three variables by Cramer's Rule. **Matrices of Real Numbers:** Equality of matrices. Addition of matrices. Multiplication of matrices and properties. Transpose and its properties. Inverse of matrix. Symmetric and Skew-symmetric matrices. Scalar matrix.Orthogonal matrix. Elementary operations on matrices. **Rank of a matrix :** Rank a Matrix. Consistency and solution of a system of linear of equationswith not more than 3 variables by matrix method.

<u>UNIT – IV</u>

Analytical Geometry of 2 Dimensions: Transformations of Rectangular axes : Translation, Rotation and their combinations. Invariants. General equation of second degree in *x* and *y*: Reduction to canonical forms. Classification of conic. **Pair of straight lines** : Condition that the general equation of 2nd degree in *x* and *y* may represent two straight lines. Points of intersection of two intersecting straight lines. Angle between two lines given by $ax^2 + 2hxy + by^2 = 0$. Equation of bisectors. Equation of two lines joining the origin to the points in which a line meets a conic.

<u>UNIT – V</u>

Analytical Geometry of 2 Dimensions: Equations of pair of tangents from an external point, chord of contact, poles and polars in case of General conic : Particular cases for Parabola, Ellipse, Circle, Hyperbola. Polar equation of straight lines and circles. Polar equation of a conic referred to a focus as pole. Equation of chord joining two points. Equations of tangentand normal.

BOOKS:

- 1. The Theory of Equations (Vol. I) Burnside and Panton.
- 2. Topics in Algebra Hernstein.
- 3. Test book of algebra Leadership Project Committee (University of Bombay).
- 4. Abstract Algebra N. P. Chaudhuri (Tata Mc.Graw Hill).
- 5. Linear Algebra Hadley
- 6. Test Book of Matrix B. S. Vaatsa
- 7. Co-ordinate Geometry S. L. Loney.
- 8. Solid Analytic Geometry C. smith.
- 9. Higher Geometry Efimov.



Semester-	[(B.Sc]	Honours)										
			TEACHING & EVALUATION SCHEME									
			THEORY	Y		PRACT	TICAL					
SUBJECT CODE	Category	SUBJECT NAME	EN D SE M Uni ver sity Exa m	T w o Te r m Ex a m	Te ac he rs As se ss m en t*	E N D S E M U ni ve rsi ty Ex a m	Te ac he rs As se ss m en t*	Th	Т	Р	CREDI TS	
BSHCH105	HONS	Chemistry - I (Atomic Structure, Bonding, General Organic Chemistry)	60	20	20	30	20	3	1	2	5	

Legends: L - Lecture; T - Tutorial/Teacher Guided Student Activity; P – Practical; C - Credit; *Teacher Assessment shall be based following components: Quiz/Assignment/ Project/Participation in Class, given that no component shall exceed more than 10 marks.

Course Objectives:-

To give basic knowledge of Basic Chemistry.

To understand and apply the knowledge of Atomic Structure and Bonding.

Course Outcomes:-

After completion of this course the students are expected to be able to demonstrate following knowledge, skills and attitudes. The student will demonstrate capability of CO1. Theoretical understanding of various state of matter.

CO2. Became aware of the importance of Chemistry and its laws in the field of chemistry and dealing with its numerical approach.

UNIT 1: Inorganic Chemistry-1

Atomic Structure: *Review of: Bohr's theory and its limitations, dual behaviour of matter and radiation, de Broglie's relation, Heisenberg Uncertainty principle. Hydrogen atom spectra. Need of a new approach to Atomic structure.*

What is Quantum mechanics? Time independent Schrodinger equation and meaning of various terms in it. Significance of ψ and ψ^2 , quantum numbers, orbital angular momentum and quantum numbers m_i and m_s . Shapes of s, p and d atomic orbitals, nodal planes. Discovery of spin, spin quantum number (s) and magnetic spin quantum number (m_s).

Rules for filling electrons in various orbitals, Electronic configurations of the atoms. Stability of halffilled and completely filled orbitals, concept of exchange energy. Relative energies of atomic orbitals, Anomalous electronic configurations.



Shri Vaishnav Vidyapeeth Vishwavidyalaya, Indore DEGREE PROGRAM B.Sc. (Maths / Physics Honours)

UNIT 2: Chemical Bonding and Molecular Structure

Ionic Bonding: General characteristics of ionic bonding. Energy considerations in ionic bonding, lattice energy and solvation energy and their importance in the context of stability and solubility of ionic compounds. polarizing power and polarizability. Fajan's rules, ionic character in covalent compounds, bond moment, dipole moment and percentage ionic character.

Covalent bonding: VB Approach: Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with suitable examples of linear, trigonal planar, square planar, tetrahedral, trigonal bipyramidal and octahedral arrangements.

UNIT 3: Organic Chemistry-1

Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry

Physical Effects, Electronic Displacements: Inductive Effect, Electromeric Effect, Resonance and Hyperconjugation. Cleavage of Bonds: Homolysis and Heterolysis.

Structure, shape and reactivity of organic molecules: Nucleophiles and electrophiles. Reactive Intermediates: Carbocations, Carbanions and free radicals.

Strength of organic acids and bases: Comparative study with emphasis on factors affecting pK values. Aromaticity: Benzenoids and Hückel's rule.

UNIT 4:

Conformations with respect to ethane, butane and cyclohexane. Interconversion of Wedge Formula, Newmann, Sawhorse and Fischer representations. Concept of chirality (upto two carbon atoms). Configuration: Geometrical and Optical isomerism; Enantiomerism, Diastereomerism and Meso compounds). Threo and erythro; D and L; *cis - trans* nomenclature; CIP Rules: R/S (for upto 2 chiral carbon atoms) and E / Z Nomenclature (for upto two C=C systems).

UNIT 5: Physical Chemistry-1 Kinetic Theory of Gases

Postulates of Kinetic Theory of Gases and derivation of the kinetic gas equation.

Deviation of real gases from ideal behaviour, compressibility factor, causes of deviation. van der Waals equation of state for real gases. Boyle temperature (derivation not required). Maxwell Boltzmann distribution laws of molecular velocities and molecular energies (graphic representation – derivation not required) and their importance.

Temperature dependence of these distributions. Most probable, average and root mean square velocities (no derivation). Collision cross section, collision number, collision frequency, collision diameter and mean free path of molecules. Viscosity of gases and effect of temperature and pressure on coefficient of viscosity (qualitative treatment only).

Liquids

Surface tension and its determination using staglomometer. Viscosity of a liquid and determination of coefficient of viscosity using Ostwald viscometer. Effect of temperature on surface tension and coefficient of viscosity of a liquid (qualitative treatment only).